#### UNITED

Issuer Free Writing Prospectus Filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) Registration No. 333-275664-01 Dated: July 22, 2024

# United Airlines Series 2024-1

Investor Presentation July 2024



#### Additional Information

The issuer has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this communication relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and other documents the issuer has filed with the SEC for more complete information about the issuer and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, the issuer, any underwriter or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send you the prospectus if you request it by calling Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC ("Goldman Sachs") toll-free at 1-866-471-2526 or Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("Morgan Stanley") toll-free at 1-866-718-1649.

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This presentation may contain statements about the issuer's future plans and prospects that constitute forward-looking statements for purposes of the safe harbor provisions under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including those discussed in the issuer's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as updated by its subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other filings with the SEC. These documents are available on the SEC's website, on the issuer's website or from the issuer's Investor Relations group. In addition, any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation represent the issuer's opinions only as of the date hereof and should not be relied upon as representing the issuer's opinions as of any subsequent date. While the issuer may elect to update forward-looking statements at some point in the future, the issuer specifically disclaims any obligation to do so, even if its estimates change.





### Transaction Overview (1/2)

United Airlines, Inc. ("United", "UAL" or the "Company") intends to raise up to approximately \$1,354,657,000 through the offering of the following Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2024-1 (the "Certificates")

- Class AA face amount of \$969,187,000
- Class A face amount of \$385,470,000
- The Equipment Notes underlying the Certificates will have the benefit of a security interest in forty-eight (48) aircraft:
  - Eleven (11) 737 MAX 9 aircraft delivered between May 2023 and September 2023
  - Five (5) 737 MAX 8 aircraft delivered between June 2023 and December 2023
  - Five (5) 787-10 aircraft delivered between November 2022 and December 2022
  - Two (2) 777-300ER aircraft delivered between January 2020 and March 2020
  - Twenty-one (21) 737-900ER aircraft delivered between December 2010 and June 2015
  - Four (4) 737-800 aircraft delivered between October 2010 and March 2011
- · The Certificates offered in this transaction will include two tranches of amortizing debt:
  - Class AA senior tranche amortizing over 12.5 years, with a 44.0% initial and 44.4% max loan-to-value ratio ("LTV")<sup>1</sup>
  - Class A junior tranche amortizing over 12.5 years, with a 61.5% initial and 62.0% max LTV
- · No additional aircraft will be financed to increase the size of the Class AA or Class A Pass Through Certificates
  - United will retain the option to issue additional subordinated classes of certificates at any time on or after the issuance date of the Class AA and Class A Certificates



### Transaction Overview (2/2)

- · The transaction's legal structure will include standard provisions, as well as recent market adjustments, including:
  - Controlling party must meet commercial reasonableness standard when disposing of any collateral post-default, and no breakup or other fees (excluding third party broker fees) may be paid to any buyer, potential buyer, or other person from the proceeds of such disposition
  - Aircraft substitution rights, which are generally consistent with UAL 2023-1, and which may include Rating Agency Confirmation ("RAC") requirements (multiple aircraft may be replaced by one aircraft and one aircraft may be replaced by multiple aircraft)
- Liquidity Facility Provider: Natixis

- Joint Structuring Agents: Goldman Sachs and Morgan Stanley
- Joint Lead Active Bookrunners: Goldman Sachs, Morgan Stanley, Citi, and Deutsche Bank
- · No depositary or escrow arrangement (since all aircraft are currently owned and delivered to United and will be financed on the Issuance Date)

### United Series 2024-1 EETC Structural Summary

	Class AA	Class A
Face Amount	\$969,187,000	\$385,470,000
Expected Ratings (Moody's / S&P)	Aa3 / AA	A3 / A
Initial / Max LTV <sup>1</sup>	44.0% / 44.4%	61.5% / 62.0%
Weighted Average Life (Years)	8.5	8.5
Regular Distribution Dates	February 15, August 15	February 15, August 15
Final Expected Distribution Date <sup>2</sup>	February 15, 2037	February 15, 2037
Final Maturity <sup>3</sup>	August 15, 2038	August 15, 2038
Section 1110 Protection	Y	'es
Liquidity Facility	3 semi-annual in	nterest payments

1. Initial LTV for the Class AA and Class A Certificates is calculated as of August 5, 2024, which is assumed to be the Issuance Date. Maximum LTV for the Class AA and Class A Certificates is calculated as of February 15, 2025, which is assumed to be the Instruction Date for the related class of Certificates. 3. The Final Maturity Date for each class of the Certificates is the other the Instruction Date of the related class of Certificates. 3. The Final Maturity Date for each class of the Certificates is the other the Final Expected Distribution Date for the related corresponding to the applicable Liquidly Facility corresponding of three successive semiannual interest payments.

## **Key Structural Elements**

Cross-Collateralization and Cross-Default	<ul> <li>The Equipment Notes will be cross-collateralized by all aircraft in the collateral pool</li> <li>All indentures will include cross-default provisions</li> </ul>
Buyout Rights	<ul> <li>After a Certificate Buyout Event, subordinate Certificate holders have the right to purchase all (but not less than all) of the then outstanding not senior classes of Certificates at par plus accrued and unpaid interest</li> <li>No Equipment Note buyout rights</li> </ul>
Waterfall	<ul> <li>Same waterfall structure before and after an event of default</li> <li>Interest on the Preferred A Pool Balance is paid ahead of principal on the Class AA Certificates</li> </ul>
Requirements for Exercise of Remedies	<ul> <li>Standard limitations on Controlling Parties' ability to exercise remedies, consistent with recent EETCs issued by United</li> <li>Dispositions of collateral expressly required to be executed in a commercially reasonable manner pursuant to Article 9 of the United States Uniform Commercial Code ("UCC"), and no break-up fees may be paid to any buyer (or potential buyer) from the proceeds of such disposition</li> </ul>
Substitution Rights	<ul> <li>Prior to the Issuance Date, United may, subject to obtaining a RAC and certain additional conditions, substitute any aircraft that ceases to be in the condition required for financing under the offering with an aircraft of the same model, or, subject to certain further conditions, one or more aircraft of a different model and/or manufacturer</li> <li>Following the financing of the aircraft pursuant to the offering, United may substitute airframes and engines on terms generally consistent with UAL 2023-1, including, in the case an airframe substitution, terms requiring that i) each substitute airframe has a manufacture date that is no more than one year prior to the manufacture date of the airframe being replaced, ii) the appraised maintenance-adjusted current market value the substitute airframe (or substitute airframes collectively) is not less than that of the airframe of the same or improved model, a RAC is obtained</li> </ul>
Additional Certificates	United has the right to issue additional subordinated classes of certificates on or after the Issuance Date

# Aircraft Collateral Summary

### UAL 2024-1 Collateral Overview

			Key Stat	tistics				Aircraft Type		
	48x aircraft				\$2.2bn LM	мм	)	3% 9% 12% 33%	<ul> <li>787-10</li> <li>737 MAX 9</li> <li>737-900ER</li> </ul>	
71%	New Te	chnolo	ах	~3	.8-year aver	age age	)	17% 26%	<ul><li>737 MAX 8</li><li>777-300ER</li><li>737-800</li></ul>	
Aircraft Type	# of Aircraft	LMM (\$mm)	% of Portfolio (By LMM)	Average Age	Age Range	Equipment Maturity Date	New Tech / Current Tech	Importance t	o United	
737 MAX 8	5	262		1 yrs	0.7 – 1.2 yrs	Feb-37	New Tech	<ul> <li>Boeing 737 MAX aircraft are a core growth strategy, with 300+ new delivered</li> </ul>		
737 MAX 9	11	578	38%	1 yrs	0.9 – 1.3 yrs	Feb-37	New Tech	<ul> <li>Key to United's fleet renewal efforts narrowbody aircraft</li> </ul>		
787-10	5	721	33%	2 yrs	1.7 – 1.8 yrs	Feb-37	New Tech	<ul> <li>Expected to replace United's older E carbon emissions by ~25% per seat maintenance costs</li> </ul>		
777-300ER	2	192	9%	4 yrs	4.4 – 4.5 yrs	Feb-37	Current Tech	<ul> <li>Largest aircraft in United's fleet, sen that are critical to United's internatio</li> </ul>		
737-900ER	21	373		12 yrs	9.1 – 13.6 yrs	Aug-31 - Aug-34	Current Tech	<ul> <li>The workhorses of United's narrowb United's domestic mainline departur</li> </ul>		
737-800	4	77	20%	14 yrs	13.4 – 13.8 yrs	Aug-31	Current Tech	<ul> <li>The UAL 2024-1 737NGs have beer retrofitted by 2025 YE</li> </ul>		
Total	48	\$2,203		~ 3.8 yrs			71% New Tech			

### Aircraft Collateral Significance to United's Fleet

· Each asset type included in the 2024-1 collateral pool has an important strategic fit within United's broader fleet:

- The 737 MAX is critical to United's fleet renewal strategy; the new technologies on the MAX aircraft include advanced technology winglets, efficient engine
  architecture and superior aerodynamics
- The 737-800 and 737-900ER are the narrowbody workhorses of United's fleet, combining to operate nearly 40% of United's domestic mainline departures in 2023
- The 787-10 is the newest and largest aircraft in the Boeing 787 family (the future of United's long-term widebody fleet), offering exceptional range and unit economics and operating high-density transatlantic routes
- The 777-300ER is the largest widebody aircraft in United's long-haul fleet; key value drivers include efficiency, commonality, dependability and flexibility –
  generating significant long-term value for United
- The 737NG narrowbody aircraft will continue to be an essential component of United's long-term domestic fleet alongside the new 737 MAXs
  - United is investing millions of dollars per aircraft to retrofit the 737-800 and 737-900ER fleets with United's new signature interior, featuring larger overhead bins, seatback entertainment, Bluetooth connectivity, high-speed Wi-Fi, etc. to ensure these aircraft meet brand standards for years to come
  - As of June 2024, 11 of the 25 UAL 2024-1 737NG aircraft have already been retrofitted and the remaining 14 are expected to be completed by 2025 YE
- The 777-300ER and 787-10 widebody aircraft are core to United's international fleet network
  - United offers non-stop service to 130+ international destinations across 65+ countries, making it the largest and most diversified international route network among U.S. airlines
  - The 777-300ER is a key transpacific aircraft operating 34% of such ASMs in 2024 while the 787-10 is a key transatlantic aircraft operating 20% of such ASMs in 2024
- The average age of United's fleet is 16.3 years, whereas the aircraft in UAL 2024-1 have a weighted average age of just 3.8 years<sup>1</sup>

The aircraft in the transaction represent a combination of both United's next generation of mission-critical fleet types (737 MAX 8/9, 787-10) and United's current core fleet types (737-800/-900ER, 777-300ER) that serve as the backbone of United's domestic and international network

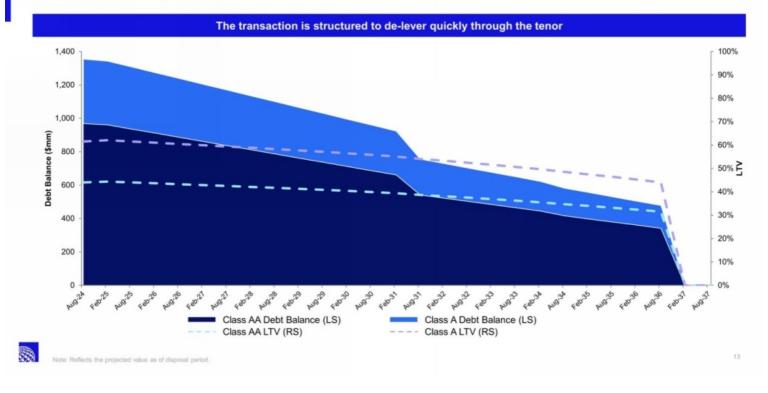


Note: Statistics are weighted by the LMM. 1. The unweighted average age of the UAL 2024-1 portfolio is 7.1 years

#### **Detailed Portfolio Breakdown**



### LTV and Paydown Profile



## Aircraft Collateral Summary and Equipment Note Maturity Dates (1/2) • United has obtained desktop appraisals for the aircraft from ASG, BK, and mba.

Aggregate aircraft appraised value is approximately \$2,203mm as of June 1, 2024.

Appraisals indicate a minimum collateral cushion of 56.0% and 38.5% on the Class AA and Class A Certificates, respectively, which increases after the first year over time as the debt amortizes.1

Aircraft	Manufacturer		Aircraft	Engine	Month of	Age	Арр	oraisal Values (r	nm) <sup>2</sup>		Class AA / A Equipmen
Number	Serial Number	Body Type	Туре	Туре	Delivery	(years)	mba	вк	ASG	LMM	Note Maturity Date
1	44309	Narrowbody	737 MAX 8	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jun	1.2	51.2	54.5	51.3	51.3	Feb-37
2	64609	Narrowbody	737 MAX 8	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jul	1.1	51.5	54.6	52.1	52.1	Feb-37
3	64608	Narrowbody	737 MAX 8	LEAP 1B-28	23-Aug	1.0	51.8	54.7	52.1	52.1	Feb-37
4	67604	Narrowbody	737 MAX 8	LEAP 1B-28	23-Dec	0.7	53.0	55.1	52.9	53.0	Feb-37
5	67588	Narrowbody	737 MAX 8	LEAP 1B-28	23-Dec	0.7	53.0	55.1	52.9	53.0	Feb-37
6	67184	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-May	1.3	52.0	55.9	51.7	52.0	Feb-37
7	67590	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-May	1.3	52.0	55.9	51.7	52.0	Feb-37
8	67591	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jun	1.2	52.3	56.0	51.7	52.3	Feb-37
9	67187	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jun	1.2	52.3	56.0	51.7	52.3	Feb-37
10	67186	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jun	1.2	52.3	56.0	51.7	52.3	Feb-37
11	67188	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Jun	1.2	52.3	56.0	51.7	52.3	Feb-37
12	67603	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Aug	1.0	52.9	56.2	52.8	52.9	Feb-37
13	67193	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Aug	1.0	52.9	56.2	52.8	52.9	Feb-37
14	67609	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Aug	1.0	52.9	56.2	52.8	52.9	Feb-37
15	67610	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Sep	0.9	53.2	56.3	52.8	53.2	Feb-37
16	67615	Narrowbody	737 MAX 9	LEAP 1B-28	23-Sep	0.9	53.2	56.3	52.8	53.2	Feb-37
17	31663	Narrowbody	737-800	CFM56-7B26	10-Oct	13.8	14.7	16.8	15.7	15.7	Aug-31
18	31652	Narrowbody	737-800	CFM56-7B26	10-Dec	13.6	14.2	16.2	15.1	15.1	Aug-31
19	39998	Narrowbody	737-800	CFM56-7B26	11-Mar	13.4	26.2	27.4	27.2	26.9	Aug-31
20	39999	Narrowbody	737-800	CFM56-7B26	11-Mar	13.4	18.7	19.9	19.0	19.0	Aug-31
21	31655	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	10-Dec	13.6	14.3	16.2	13.9	14.3	Aug-31
22	31643	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	10-Dec	13.6	14.1	16.1	13.6	14.1	Aug-31
23	40000	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	11-Apr	13.3	15.1	16.7	14.6	15.1	Aug-31
24	31661	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Jan	12.5	16.6	18.8	16.5	16.6	Aug-31



1. Minin m collateral cushion is calculated as of February 15, 2025, the Regular Distribution Date with the Maximum LTV set forth under "Loan to Aircraft Value R s the maintenance adjusted base value of each aircraft as appraised by ASG, BK and mba as of June 1, 2024

# Aircraft Collateral Summary and Equipment Note Maturity Dates (2/2)

Aircraft	Manufacturer Destu Tor		Aircraft	Engine	Month of	Age .	Арр	raisal Values (r	nm) <sup>1</sup>		Class AA / A Equipmen	
Number	Serial Number	Number Body Type T	Body Type Type	Туре	Delivery	(years)	mba BK ASG		ASG	LMM	Note Maturity Date	
25	31650	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Feb	12.5	18.0	19.4	16.9	18.0	Aug-31	
26	40003	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Mar	12.4	16.5	18.7	16.2	16.5	Aug-31	
27	31651	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Mar	12.4	18.5	20.5	18.2	18.5	Aug-31	
28	40004	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Apr	12.3	23.1	24.8	23.1	23.1	Aug-31	
29	31646	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Apr	12.3	17.0	19.2	17.0	17.0	Aug-31	
30	40005	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-May	12.2	18.1	20.0	17.7	18.1	Aug-31	
31	41742	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-May	12.2	17.7	19.9	17.6	17.7	Aug-31	
32	31640	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Jun	12.1	17.9	20.1	17.7	17.9	Aug-31	
33	41743	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Jun	12.1	17.4	19.6	17.1	17.4	Aug-31	
34	37205	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Sep	11.9	15.9	18.9	15.8	15.9	Aug-31	
35	41744	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Sep	11.9	15.7	18.8	15.7	15.7	Aug-31	
36	37199	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Sep	11.9	15.9	18.9	15.8	15.9	Aug-31	
37	37206	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Oct	11.8	16.1	19.1	16.4	16.4	Aug-31	
38	37200	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	12-Nov	11.8	16.9	19.5	16.7	16.9	Aug-31	
39	42175	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	14-Jan	10.5	20.2	21.8	20.4	20.4	Aug-31	
40	42201	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	15-May	9.2	23.6	24.4	23.8	23.8	Aug-34	
41	42202	Narrowbody	737-900ER	CFM56-7B26	15-Jun	9.1	24.4	24.1	23.2	23.9	Aug-34	
42	66591	Widebody	777-300ER	GE90-115B	20-Jan	4.5	96.4	83.8	107.4	95.9	Feb-37	
43	66592	Widebody	777-300ER	GE90-115B	20-Mar	4.4	97.9	84.6	107.4	96.6	Feb-37	
44	66988	Widebody	787-10	GEnx-1B70	22-Nov	1.8	139.2	149.0	144.2	144.1	Feb-37	
45	66987	Widebody	787-10	GEnx-1B70	22-Nov	1.8	139.2	149.0	144.2	144.1	Feb-37	
46	66989	Widebody	787-10	GEnx-1B70	22-Dec	1.7	140.1	149.2	144.2	144.2	Feb-37	
47	66990	Widebody	787-10	GEnx-1B70	22-Dec	1.7	140.1	149.2	144.2	144.2	Feb-37	
48	66985	Widebody	787-10	GEnx-1B70	22-Dec	1.7	140.1	149.2	144.2	144.2	Feb-37	
Total						3.8	\$2,178	\$2,300	\$2,216	\$2,203		

Note: Statistics are weighted by the LMM. 1. Reflects the maintenance adjusted base

# Appendix A: Additional Aircraft Characteristics

# Aircraft Collateral Pool Importance

Aircraft type	% of UAL 2024-1 (By Value)	# of Aircraft	Average Age by Type	Importance to United
737 MAX 8	12%	5	0.9	<ul> <li>Key component of the 'United Next' growth strategy, enabling reduced network reliance on regional aircraft</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Offers superior takeoff performance for destinations in the US, Caribbean, and Latin America that require increased capabilities</li> </ul>
737 MAX 9	26%	11	1.1	<ul> <li>Currently United's largest MAX sub-fleet type and a key component of the 'United Next' growth strategy</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Key to United's fleet renewal efforts and will replace certain aging narrowbody aircraft</li> </ul>
				United's largest 787 sub-fleet type, offering superior unit costs
787-10	33%	5	1.7	<ul> <li>Expected to replace United's older Boeing 767 and 777 aircraft, reducing carbon emissions by ~25% per seat and improving fuel burn economics and maintenance costs</li> </ul>
777-300ER	9%	2	4.4	<ul> <li>The largest aircraft in United's fleet, serving high-demand long-haul markets that are critical to United's international network and overall business</li> </ul>
737-900ER	17%	21	11.8	Offers up-gauge opportunities from smaller-sized narrowbody aircraft for markets with higher demand
				<ul> <li>Best per seat economics amongst 737NG aircraft</li> <li>United operates 141 737-800 aircraft, the most of any fleet type</li> </ul>
737-800	3%	4	13.5	<ul> <li>Combination of strong operating economics, passenger capacity and rang capability for United's domestic and Latin network</li> </ul>

### Boeing 737 MAX 8 Aircraft

#### Description

The Boeing 737 MAX 8 is the second largest variant of the 737 MAX family currently in service.

- Large single-aisle, transcontinental range narrowbody aircraft.
- High degree of commonality with other MAX family aircraft.
- Significant order book exists for 737 MAX 8 aircraft with over 2,200 orders.
   Expected to contribute up to 8% better fuel efficiency and 7% lower operating costs relative
- to current-gen competition.
- 737 MAX 8 provides continuity to best-selling 737-800.

- 737 MAX 8 is United's youngest sub-fleet type and a key component of the 'United Next' growth strategy, helping expand its fleet and up-gauge on routes across its network.
- Accommodates 166 passengers in two-class configuration.
- Equipped with new signature interior providing best in class customer experience featuring larger overhead bins, seatback inflight entertainment, Bluetooth connectivity, LED mood lighting, and high-speed Wi-Fi.
- Offers superior takeoff performance for destinations in the US, Caribbean, and Latin America requiring increased capabilities.

Top 5 Boeing 737 MAX 8 Cust	omers (Disc	closed)	Boeing 737-7/-8 Fleet Distribution In Service, Stored & On Order	United Boeing 737 MAX 8 Details		
Boeing 737-7/-8 Airline Operators	No. of	Share of	North America      Asia Pacific      Europe      Latin America      Others	General Spec:		
(In Service, Stored & On Order)	Aircraft	Fleet		Winglets (Advanced Technology)	Yes	
Southwest Airlines	703	22%	<b>5%</b>	Automatic Approach and Landing Certificate	CAT IIIA	
Rvanair	154	5%	36%	Extended Twin-Engine Operations (ETOPS)	180 minutes	
United Airlines	123	4%	30%	Engine Type / Thrust	LEAP-1B28	
			21%	APU Manufacturer	Honeywell	
SpiceJet	122	4%		Brakes and Wheels Manufacturer / Type	Safran / Carbor	
American Airlines	103	3%		Weights and Capacities:		
Others	2,006	62%	29%	Fuel Capacity	6,820 US gal.	
Total	3,211	100%		Cargo Capacity (Max Volume)	1,540 ft3	

### Boeing 737 MAX 9 Aircraft

#### Description

The Boeing 737 MAX 9 is the largest variant of the 737 MAX family currently in service

- Most 737 MAX 9 aircraft quickly returned to service following temporary grounding in January 2024 after an incident on an Alaska Airlines flight involving a door-plug.
- The 737 MAX 9 provides continuity to the 737-900ER along with 14% fuel savings.
- No all-new MAX replacement is planned before mid-2030s.

- 737 MAX 9 is currently United's largest 737 MAX variant, and a key component of the 'United Next' growth strategy, helping expand its fleet and up-gauge on routes across its network.
- Accommodates 179 passengers in two-class configuration.
- Equipped with new signature interior providing best in class customer experience featuring larger overhead bins, seatback inflight entertainment, Bluetooth connectivity, LED mood lighting, and high-speed Wi-Fi.
- Viewed as strong and versatile replacement for United's aging A320 and 757 narrowbody fleets.

Top 5 Boeing 737 MAX 9 Custo	omers (Disc	losed)	Boeing 737-9/-10 Fleet Distribution In Service, Stored & On Order	United Boeing 737 MAX 9 Details		
Boeing 737-9/-10 Airline Operators (In Service, Stored & On Order)	No. of Aircraft	Share of Fleet	North America      Asia Pacific      Europe      Latin America      Others	General Spec:	Xee	
in Service, Stored & On Order)	Aircraft	Fieet	8%	Winglets (Advanced Technology)	Yes	
United Airlines	348	26%	070	Automatic Approach and Landing Certificate	CAT IIIA	
Ryanair	150	11%		Extended Twin-Engine Operations (ETOPS)	180 minutes	
			16%	Engine Type / Thrust	LEAP-1B28	
Alaska Airlines	136	10%		APU Manufacturer	Honeywell	
American Airlines	112	8%	56%	Brakes and Wheels Manufacturer / Type	Safran / Carbor	
Delta Air Lines	100	8%	16%	Weights and Capacities:		
Others	484	36%		Fuel Capacity	6,820 US gal.	
Total	1,330	100%		Cargo Capacity (Max Volume)	1,816 ft3	

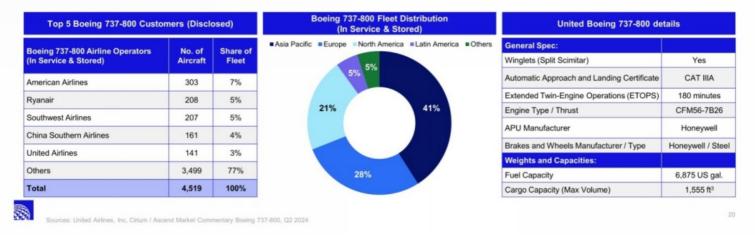
### Boeing 737-800 Aircraft

#### Description

The Boeing 737-800 has large 166-passenger capacity, which offers improved seat mile costs.

- The 737-800 remains a highly liquid single-aisle aircraft with around 200 operators.
- The aircraft is popular among a good mix of mainline, charter, and low-cost carriers with a good regional distribution and is a favorite of the leasing community.
- There is strong leasing demand for the variant, driven by need for capacity and supply constraints on delivery of replacement MAX 8 and A320neo aircraft.

- United operates 141 737-800 aircraft, the most of any of its fleet types
- Accommodates 166 passengers in two-class configuration.
- Alongside the 737-900ER, are the workhorses of the narrowbody fleet, operating nearly 40% of United's domestic mainline departures in 2023.
- Currently being refitted with United's new signature interior, featuring larger overhead bins, seatback inflight entertainment, Bluetooth connectivity, and high-speed Wi-Fi to enable continued service for years to come.



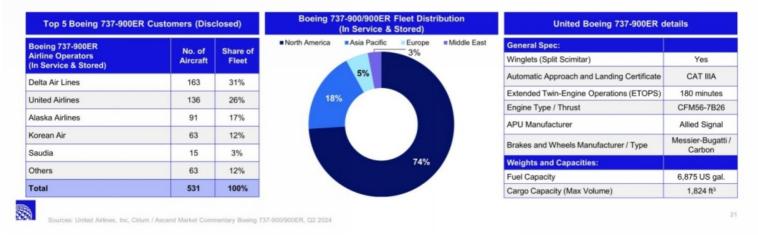
### Boeing 737-900ER Aircraft

#### Description

The Boeing 737-900ER is particularly attractive to US operators due to additional seat count.

- Additional seat capacity is currently attractive due to market conditions and lack of supply.
- Boeing's ongoing struggle with supply and quality issues in production of 737 MAX aircraft is driving strong demand for 737 NG family aircraft.

- Key medium-sized narrowbody, offering up-gauge opportunities from smaller-sized aircraft for markets with stronger demand.
- Accommodates 179 passengers in two-class configuration.
- Alongside the 737-800, are the workhorses of the narrowbody fleet, operating nearly 40% of United's domestic mainline departures in 2023.
- Currently being refitted with United's new signature interior, featuring larger overhead bins, seatback inflight entertainment, Bluetooth connectivity, and high-speed Wi-Fi to enable continued service for years to come.



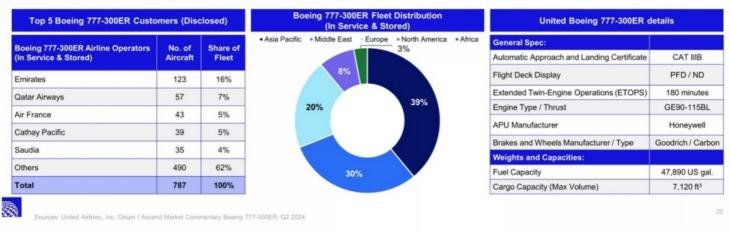
### Boeing 777-300ER Aircraft

#### Description

#### 777-300ER has a large belly cargo capacity, which is a positive for freight economics.

- Resurgence in travel demand coupled with delays in production of the 777-9 has brought many aircraft back into long-haul service.
  - Volume of aircraft in storage is down to around 6%, from a peak of over 60% in March 2020.
  - There are 48 aircraft in storage at the end of April 2024, which is down from 54 in February.
- The 777-300ER has more than 40 airline operators with a fleet of more than 750 in service.

- The 777-300ER is United's largest capacity long-range widebody, serving high-demand international routes to key markets in Europe, Asia and Oceania.
- Largest Boeing 777 sub-fleet type, offering superior unit costs.
- Accommodates 350 passengers in three-class configuration.
- Equipped with Polaris and Premium Plus products providing best-in-class customer experience including direct aisle access seats and larger inflight entertainment screen.



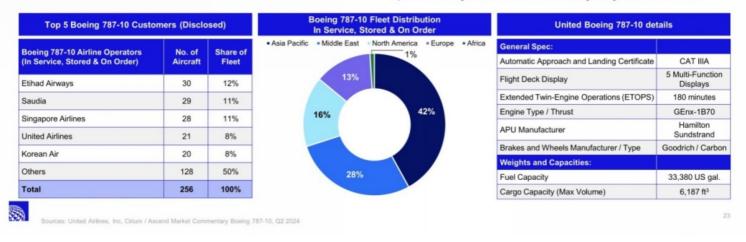
### Boeing 787-10 Aircraft

#### Description

The Boeing 787-10 has 318-passenger capacity which improved seat mile costs versus the 787-9.

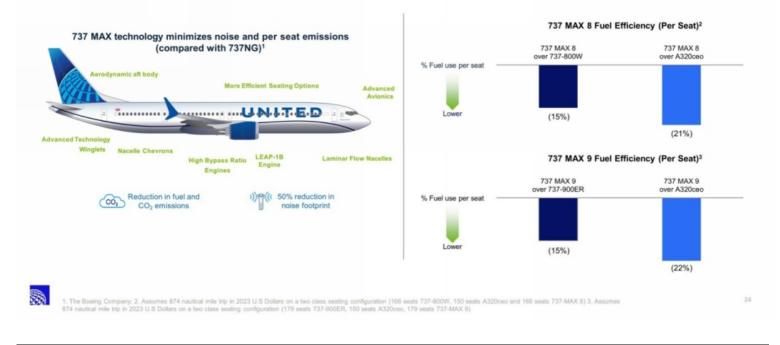
- High degree of commonality with other 787 family aircraft.
- Ongoing production issues continue to affect deliveries. The undelivered inventory of 787s stands at around 60 aircraft.
- With shorter range but more seats than the 787-9, the aircraft is ideal for high-density, medium-haul routes, including intra-Asia, transatlantic and Middle East to Asia and Europe.

- Key component of the 'United Next' international growth strategy, flying primarily on Europe and Trans-Pacific routes.
- Largest Boeing 787 sub-fleet type, offering superior unit costs.
- Accommodates 318 passengers in three-class configuration
- Expected to replace United's older Boeing 767 and Boeing 777 aircraft, reducing carbon emissions by ~25% per seat and improving fuel burn economics and maintenance costs.
- Equipped with Polaris and Premium Plus products providing best-in-class customer experience including direct aisle access seats and larger inflight entertainment screen.



### 737 MAX – Leading Fuel Efficiency Improvements

New technologies on the MAX family include advanced winglets, efficient engine architecture and superior aerodynamics. The LEAP engines facilitate a material portion of the efficiency and per seat CO2 emissions improvements.



### 787 Dreamliner – Technology Update

New technologies on 787 include advanced wing design, composite structure and fuel efficient engine technology.

