

Safe harbor statement

Certain statements included in this presentation are forward-looking and thus reflect our current expectations and beliefs with respect to certain current and future events and anticipated financial and operating performance. Such forward-looking statements are and will be subject to many risks and uncertainties relating to our operations and business environment that may cause actual results to differ materially from any future results expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. Words such as "expects," "will," "plans," "anticipates," "indicates," "believes," "forecast," "guidance," "outlook," "goals" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Additionally, forward-looking statements include statements that do not relate solely to historical facts, such as statements which identify uncertainties or trends, discuss the possible future effects of current known trends or uncertainties or indicate that the future effects of known trends or uncertainties cannot be predicted, guaranteed or assured. All forward-looking statements in this presentation are based upon information available to us on the date of this presentation. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise, except as required by applicable law. Our actual results could differ materially from these forward-looking statements due to numerous factors including, without limitation, the following: our ability to comply with the terms of our various financing arrangements; the costs and availability of financing; our ability to maintain adequate liquidity; our ability to execute our operational plans and revenue-generating initiatives, including optimizing our revenue; our ability to control our costs, including realizing benefits from our resource optimization efforts, cost reduction initiatives and fleet replacement programs; costs associated with any modification or termination of our aircraft orders; our ability to utilize our net operating losses; our ability to attract and retain customers; potential reputational or other impact from adverse events in our operations; demand for transportation in the markets in which we operate; an outbreak of a disease that affects travel demand or travel behavior; demand for travel and the impact that global economic and political conditions have on customer travel patterns; excessive taxation and the inability to offset future taxable income; general economic conditions (including interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, investment or credit market conditions, crude oil prices, costs of aircraft fuel and energy refining capacity in relevant markets); economic and political instability and other risks of doing business globally; our ability to cost-effectively hedge against increases in the price of aircraft fuel if we decide to do so; any potential realized or unrealized gains or losses related to fuel or currency hedging programs; the effects of any hostilities, act of war or terrorist attack; the ability of other air carriers with whom we have alliances or partnerships to provide the services contemplated by the respective arrangements with such carriers; the effects of any technology failures or cybersecurity breaches; disruptions to our regional network; the costs and availability of aviation and other insurance; industry consolidation or changes in airline alliances; the success of our investments in airlines in other parts of the world; competitive pressures on pricing and on demand; our capacity decisions and the capacity decisions of our competitors; U.S. or foreign governmental legislation, regulation and other actions (including Open Skies agreements and environmental regulations); the impact of regulatory, investigative and legal proceedings and legal compliance risks; the impact of any management changes; labor costs; our ability to maintain satisfactory labor relations and the results of any collective bargaining agreement process with our union groups; any disruptions to operations due to any potential actions by our labor groups; weather conditions; and other risks and uncertainties set forth under Part I, Item 1A., "Risk Factors," of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, as well as other risks and uncertainties set forth from time to time in the reports we file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

The issuer has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this communication relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and other documents the issuer has filed with the SEC for more complete information about the issuer and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, the issuer, any underwriter, or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send you the prospectus if you request it by calling Credit Suisse toll-free at 1-800-221-1037 or Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. at 1-212-723-6171.

United Airlines 2018-1 EETC

United Airlines, Inc. ("United" or "UAL") intends to raise \$935,140,000 through the offering of Pass Through Certificates, Series 2018-1 (the "Certificates")

- Class AA face amount of \$677,175,000
- Class A face amount of \$257,965,000
- The proceeds from the offering will be used by United to finance 16 aircraft:
 - Two Boeing 737-800 aircraft delivered in September 2017
 - Six Boeing 737 MAX 9 aircraft scheduled to be delivered in April and May 2018
 - Five Boeing 787-9 aircraft delivered or scheduled to be delivered between August 2017 and February 2018
 - Three Boeing 777-300ER aircraft scheduled to be delivered in March and April 2018
- The Certificates offered in the transaction will include two tranches of debt:
 - Class AA senior tranche amortizing over 12.0 years with a 42.6% (initial/maximum) loan-to-value ratio ("LTV")⁽¹⁾
 - Class A subordinated tranche amortizing over 12.0 years with a 58.9% (initial/maximum) LTV⁽¹⁾
- · No additional aircraft will be financed to increase the offering size of the Pass Through Certificates for the Class AA or Class A
 - United will retain the option to offer and issue additional subordinated classes of Certificates at any time on or after the issuance date of the Class AA and Class A
- Joint Structuring Agents: Credit Suisse and Citigroup
- Joint Lead Active Bookrunners: Credit Suisse, Citigroup and Goldman Sachs
- Depositary: Citibank, N.A.
- Liquidity Facility Provider: National Australia Bank Limited, acting through its New York Branch

'Initial LTV and Maximum LTV for the Class AA and Class A Certificates calculated as of September 1, 2018, the first Regular Distribution Date following the expected delivery of all aircraft

United Series 2018-1 EETC structural summary

	2018-1 Class AA	2018-1 Class A
Initial Face Amount	\$677,175,000	\$257,965,000
Expected Ratings (Moody's/Fitch) ⁽¹⁾	Aa3 / AA	A2 / A
Initial LTV / Maximum LTV ⁽²⁾	42.6% / 42.6%	58.9% / 58.9%
Weighted Average Life (years)	8.9	8.9
Regular Distribution Dates	March 1 and September 1	March 1 and September 1
Final Expected Distribution Date ⁽³⁾	March 1, 2030	March 1, 2030
Final Maturity Date(4)	September 1, 2031	September 1, 2031
Section 1110 Protection	Yes Yes	
Liquidity Facility	Three semi-annual interest payments	Three semi-annual interest payments

¹ Expected ratings included for all Certificates
2 Initial LTV and Maximum LTV for the Class AA and Class A Certificates calculated as of September 1, 2018, the first Regular Distribution Date following the expected delivery of all aircraft
3 Each series of Equipment Notes will mature on the Final Expected Distribution Date for the related class of Certificates
4 The Final Maturity Date for the Certificates is the date that is 18 months after the Final Expected Distribution Date for the relevant Certificates, which represents the period corresponding to the applicable Liquidity Facility coverage of three successive semi-annual interest payments

Key structural elements

Two Classes of Certificates Offered

Each class of Certificates will benefit from a liquidity facility covering three consecutive semi-annual interest payments

Waterfall

- · Same waterfall both before and after an event of default
- Interest on Preferred Pool Balance of the Class A Certificates is paid ahead of principal on the Class AA Certificates

Buyout Rights

After a Certificate Buyout Event, subordinate Certificate holders have the right to purchase all (but not less than all) of the then outstanding
more senior classes of Certificates at par plus accrued and unpaid interest

Cross-Collateralization and Cross-Default of all Aircraft

- . The Equipment Notes will be cross-collateralized by all 16 aircraft
- All indentures will include cross-default provisions

Collateral

Aircraft types strategically core to United's fleet operations, delivered or scheduled to be delivered new between August 2017 and May 2018

Additional Certificates

· United retains option to issue additional subordinated classes of Certificates at any time in the future

Aircraft collateral summary - base values

- United has obtained base value desktop appraisals from three appraisers (AISI, BK and mba)
- Aggregate aircraft appraised value of approximately \$1,612 million(1)
 - Appraisals available in the Preliminary Prospectus Supplement
- Appraisals indicate a minimum collateral cushion of 57.4% and 41.1% on the Class AA and A Certificates, respectively(2), which increases over time as the Class AA and Class A debt amortizes

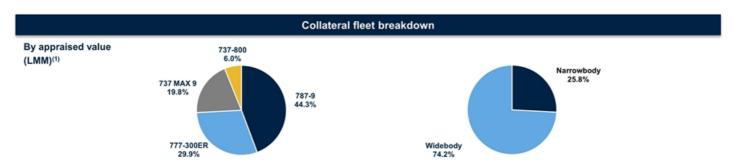
Aircraft	Aircraft	Narrow /	Registration	Manufacturer's	Engine	MTOW	Delivery		Base Val	ue (\$mm)		
No.	Type	Widebody	Number	Serial Number	Type	(lbs)	Date	AISI	BK	mba	1	LMM ⁽¹⁾
1	Boeing 737-800	Narrow	N79541	63725	CFM56-7B27E/F	174,200	Sep-17	\$49.22	\$48.85	\$47.38	:	\$48.48
2	Boeing 737-800	Narrow	N77542	63647	CFM56-7B27E/F	174,200	Sep-17	49.31	48.85	47.38		48.51
3	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N67501	43430	LEAP-1B28	194,700	Apr-18	53.09	57.70	53.03		53.09
4	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N37502	43431	LEAP-1B28	194,700	Apr-18	53.09	57.70	53.03		53.09
5	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N27503	43434	LEAP-1B28	194,700	Apr-18	53.09	57.70	53.03		53.09
6	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N37504	43435	LEAP-1B28	194,700	May-18	53.18	57.70	53.08		53.18
7	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N47505	43433	LEAP-1B28	194,700	May-18	53.18	57.70	53.08		53.18
8	Boeing 737 MAX 9	Narrow	N37506	43432	LEAP-1B28	194,700	May-18	53.18	57.70	53.08		53.18
9	Boeing 787-9	Wide	N26970	60146	GEnx 1B74/75/P2	560,000	Aug-17	138.37	145.15	140.16		140.16
10	Boeing 787-9	Wide	N29971	60147	GEnx 1B74/75/P2	560,000	Jan-18	140.51	146.05	143.56	1	143.37
11	Boeing 787-9	Wide	N24972	40939	GEnx 1B74/75/P2	560,000	Jan-18	140.51	146.05	143.56	I	143.37
12	Boeing 787-9	Wide	N24973	40941	GEnx 1B74/75/P2	560,000	Feb-18	140.74	146.05	143.68	1	143.49
13	Boeing 787-9	Wide	N24974	40942	GEnx 1B74/75/P2	560,000	Feb-18	140.74	146.05	143.68	1	143.49
14	Boeing 777-300ER	Wide	N2645U	64989	GE90-115BL	775,000	Mar-18	159.34	163.80	160.83	1	160.83
15	Boeing 777-300ER	Wide	N2846U	64990	GE90-115BL	775,000	Mar-18	159.34	163.80	160.83	1	160.83
16	Boeing 777-300ER	Wide	N2747U	64991	GE90-115BL	775,000	Apr-18	159.60	164.40	160.96	1	160.96
Total								\$1,596.49	\$1,665.25	\$1,610.35	1 5	1.612.31

¹ Lesser of the mean and median of the base values of each aircraft as appraised by Aircraft Information Services, Inc. ("AISI") and Morten Beyer & Agnew, Inc. ("mba") as of December 31, 2017, and by BK Associates, Inc. ("BK") as of January 16, 2018. An appraisal is only an estimate of value and should not be relied upon as a measure of realizable value

² Minimum collateral cushion is calculated as of September 1, 2018, the Regular Distribution Date with the Maximum LTV set forth under "Loan to Aircraft Value Ratios" in the Summary of the Preliminary Prospectus Supplement

Aircraft collateral - key observations

- · Liquid, high quality aircraft collateral
- . United can operate the Boeing 737-800 and Boeing 777-300ER aircraft at the highest MTOW enhances mission capability, versatility and liquidity value
- Split scimitar winglets on United's Boeing 737-800 and advanced technology winglets on United's Boeing 737 MAX 9 aircraft provide enhanced fuel economy and flight performance
- United's Boeing 737 MAX 9 is configured for 179 passengers, similar to the Boeing 737-900ER, which serves alongside the Boeing 737-800 as the narrowbody workhorses of the fleet
- The Boeing 787-9 aircraft is United's new generation midsize widebody aircraft
 - United's Boeing 787-9 holds 33 additional passengers compared to its Boeing 787-8
- United's Boeing 777-300ER aircraft enhances strategic opportunities for its large widebody, long-haul fleet
 - Sized for United's needs; Polaris Business Class cabin greatly enhances premium customer experience
 - Replaces United's Boeing 747-400 aircraft as the primary large widebody aircraft in the fleet



¹Lesser of the mean and median of the base values of each aircraft as appraised by AISI and mba as of December 31, 2017, and by BK as of January 16, 2018. An appraisal is only an estimate of value and should not be relied upon as a measure of realizable value

The aircraft collateral

Aircraft type	Importance to United
Boeing 737-800	 United operates 141 Boeing 737-800 aircraft, 19% of its mainline fleet, as of December 31, 2017 The Boeing 737-800 operates out of every United hub to most major spokes, accounting for a significant portion of hub-to-hub missions United's 737-800's are all fitted with split scimitar winglets
Boeing 737 MAX 9	The Boeing 737 MAX 9 has a similar size to the Boeing 737-900ER and a longer range Two-class configuration accommodates 179 passengers, including the popular Economy Plus product The Boeing 737 MAX 9 provides superior economic performance – the LEAP-1B engine contributes to better fuel efficiency and lower operating costs, advanced technology winglets reduce fuel burn and revised tail reduces drag
Boeing 787-9	The Boeing 787-9 is United's new generation midsize widebody aircraft The Boeing 787-9 aircraft has an additional 200 miles of range relative to the 787-8, which allows United to fly new routes such as Houston to Sydney Larger payload/passenger count (252 passengers as compared to 219 for the Boeing 787-8) Fills gap between Boeing 787-8 and Boeing 777-200ER
Boeing 777-300ER	The Boeing 777-300ER enhances strategic opportunities for United's long-haul fleet, with key value drivers (efficiency, commonality, dependability, flexibility) generating long-term value for United Sized for United's needs; Polaris Business Cabin greatly enhances premium customer experience Replaces United's Boeing 747-400 aircraft as the primary large widebody aircraft in the fleet Allows for growth on highest demand widebody routes United's Boeing 777-300ER aircraft are configured for maximum MTOW, leading to higher appraised values when compared to lower limit MTOW aircraft

Note: Information provided by United Airlines

Boeing 737-800 aircraft characteristics

- 5,026 firm orders for the Boeing 737-800
 - 4,628 delivered
 - 398 on order
 - 123 customers

Top 5 Boeing 737-800

Airline Operators (in service / on order)

Operator	Quantity
Ryanair	462
American Airlines	304
Southwest Airlines	197
China Southern Airlines	154
United Airlines	141
Total	1,258

Top 5 Boeing 737-800

Operating Lessors (in service / on order)

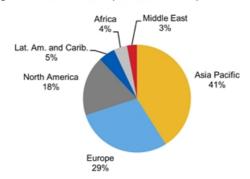
Operator	Quantity
AerCap	252
GECAS	234
SMBC Aviation Capital	192
BBAM	134
Avolon Aerospace Leasing	133
Total	945

Sources: Ascend Market Commentary Q4 2017 and The Boeing Company

Boeing 737-800 liquidity / market update

- Most liquid narrowbody to date, expected to remain the most liquid single-aisle well into the future
 - Over 180 operators
 - Popular among a good mix of mainline, charter and low-cost carriers
 - Good regional distribution
 - A favorite with the leasing community
- Most popular NG variant among airlines and lessors
- Advanced technology winglet offers further improved fuel burn
- Currently 30 Boeing 737-800 aircraft in storage and 14 737-800 aircraft being publicly marketed as available for sale or lease (Ascend Market Commentary)

Boeing 737-800 fleet distribution (in service / on order)



Boeing 737 MAX aircraft characteristics

- 3,954 firm orders for the Boeing 737 MAX family
 - 34 delivered
 - 3,920 on order
 - 64 customers

Top 5 Boeing 737 MAX family Airline Operators (in service / on order)

Operator	Quantity
Lion Air	200
Southwest Airlines	200
United Airlines	161
SpiceJet	142
Ryanair	110
Total	813

Top 5 Boeing 737 MAX family Operating Lessors (in service / on order)

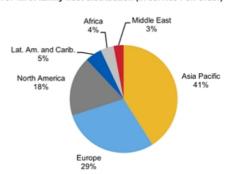
Operator	Quantity
GECAS	170
Air Lease	130
AerCap	100
SMBC Aviation Capital	90
Aviation Capital Group	80
Total	570

Sources: Ascend Market Commentary Q4 2017 and The Boeing Company

Boeing 737 MAX family liquidity / market update

- The Boeing 737 MAX family (MAX 7, MAX 8, MAX 9, MAX 10) is a LEAP re-engined development
 of the 737NG
 - Key orders from large LCCs and major US carriers
 - Lessors have already ordered approximately 800 aircraft
 - Good regional distribution of orders
- Fuel burn savings are estimated at 14% over the 737NG, up by 1% over the initial target
- The Boeing 737 MAX 9 offers the same seat capacity as the Boeing 737-900ER but with an
 increased MTOW and extended range as compared to the Boeing 737-900ER

Boeing 737 MAX family fleet distribution (in service / on order)



Boeing 787-9 aircraft characteristics

- 689 firm orders for the Boeing 787-9
 - 265 delivered
 - 424 on order
 - 51 customers

Top 5 Boeing 787-9/10

Airline Operators (in service / on order)

Operator	Quantity
Etihad Airways	71
ANA	47
United Airlines	39
KLM	32
Norwegian	31
Total	220

Top 5 Boeing 787-9/10

Operating Lessors (in service / on order)

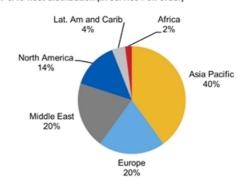
Operator	Quantity
Aercap	91
Air Lease	51
Avolon Aerospace Leasing	30
GECAS	14
BBAM	9
Total	195

Sources: Ascend Market Commentary Q4 2017 and The Boeing Company

Boeing 787-9 liquidity / market update

- The Boeing 787 will likely become the benchmark product in the small/midsize widebody sector
- The Boeing 787-9 and -10 are expected to be the most popular variants in time
 - Well distributed between full service, low cost and charter airlines
- The Boeing 787-9 variant is still expanding its operator base with orders from China on the rise
- Utilizes new all-composite fuselage and establishes new standards in cabin comfort
- There are currently no Boeing 787 aircraft in storage and none being publicly marketed as available for sale or lease

Boeing 787-9/10 fleet distribution (in service / on order)



Boeing 777-300ER aircraft characteristics

- 839 firm orders for the Boeing 777-300ER
 - 758 delivered
 - 81 on order
 - 46 customers

Top 5 Boeing 777-300ER

Airline Operators (in service / on order)

Operator	Quantity
Emirates Airline	149
Cathay Pacific	53
Qatar Airways	48
Air France	43
Saudia	35
Total	328

Top 5 Boeing 777-300ER

Operating Lessors (in service / on order)

Operator	Quantity
GECAS	34
BBAM	30
Air Lease	27
AerCap	26
BOC Aviation	22
Total	139

Sources: Ascend Market Commentary Q4 2017 and The Boeing Company

Boeing 777-300ER liquidity / market update

- Bestselling widebody variant to date and core long-haul type worldwide
- Aircraft has cargo capacity of 201.6 cubic meters, the highest of all current commercial widebodies
- Newer generation Boeing 777-300ER leave the production line with improved fuel efficiencies over aircraft produced earlier in the production run
- Lessor, bank and securitization favorite, easily financed
- Enjoys a reasonably large operator base
 - Chinese airlines are now adding Boeing 777-300ERs in large numbers to develop their transpacific networks
- Currently, there are four aircraft in storage, of which one will return to service and one is to enter a new lease term. There are two known Boeing 777-300ER being publicly marketed as for sale or lease

Boeing 777-300ER fleet distribution (in service / on order)

